

01.01.2021

# Lysoformin 3000

# This is the English translation of the German SDS (for Germany).

# Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: Lysoformin 3000

**Revision date:** 

Date of entry into force:

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

# Use of the mixture:

Disinfection of medical devices or others objects and surfaces. For professional use

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Department providing information: Department of Science and Technology Berlin

E-mail: <u>kontakt@lysoform.de</u> Telephone: +49 30 77992-226

# Supplier (distributor):

Lysoform Dr. Hans Rosemann GmbH Kaiser-Wilhelm-Str. 133 D-12247 Berlin Tel.: +49 30 / 77992-0 Fax: +49 30 / 77992-219 www.lysoform.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number Germany

Munich toxicological department Klinikum rechts der Isar Ismaninger Str. 22, 81675 Muenchen Tel.: +49 89 19240 Fax: +49 89 4140-2467

# Section 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# CLP classification (EG) Nr. 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
Skin Corr. 1 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
Resp. Sens. 1 H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Muta. Kat. 2 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



 Revision date:
 01.01.2021

 Date of entry into force:
 01.01.2021

Version: 9.1 Replaces version: 9

# Lysoformin 3000

# 2.2 Label elements



# Hazard statements:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

- EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements:

- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P305 + IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
- P351 + present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P338

P303 + IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ P361 + shower.

- P353
- P304 + IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P340
- P310 In case of accident: Call doctor immediately.

# Hazardous ingredients for labelling:

Glutaral, Glyoxal, Didecyldimethylammonium chloride and Isotridecanol (ethoxylated)

# 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.

# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.1 Substances** This product is a mixture.

# 3.2 Mixtures <u>Chemical characterization:</u>

# Glutaral

EC-No: 203-856-5 CAS-No: 111-30-8 REACh-Reg. No: 01-2119455549-26
Quantity: 9 - 10 %
Acute Tox. 3 H301 Toxic if swallowed. Acute Tox. 2 H330 Fatal if inhaled.
Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Resp. Sens. 1 H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1A H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.



**Revision date:** 01.01.2021

Version: 9.1 Replaces version: 9

# 01.01.2021 Lysoformin 3000

# Glyoxal

EG-No: 203-474-9 CAS-No: 107-22-2 REACh-Reg. No: 01-2119461733-37 Quantity : 7 - 8 % Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled. (Aerosol) Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation. Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Muta. Kat. 2 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. STOT SE: Kat. 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

# Didecyldimethylammonium chloride

Date of entry into force:

EG-No: 230-525-2 CAS-No: 7173-51-5 Quantity : 8 – 11 % Acute Tox. 3 H301 Toxic if swallowed. Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Isotridecanol (ethoxylated)

EC-No: 931-138-8 CAS-No: 69011-36-5 REACh-Reg. No: no (Polymer) Quantity : 5 - 9 % Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed. Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

# Propan-2-ol

EG-No: 200-661-7 CAS-No: 67-63-0 REACh-reg.no: 01-2119457558-25 Quantity : < 3 % Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. STOT SE: Kat. 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

Non-ionic surfactants: 5 - 15 %, Perfume, AMYL CINNAMAL, BENZYL SALICYLATE, CITRONELLOL and HEXYL CINNAMAL

# Section 4: First aid measures

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Immediately seek medical advice. Show the Safety Data Sheet, container or label. Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Skin contact:

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse skin with plenty of water. **Eve contact:** 

Rinse opened eye for 10 minutes with plenty of drinking water and seek medical advice immediately.

#### Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with drinking water and give plenty of water to drink.

- **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Mucosal irritation or etching, headache, feeling unwell Skin contact causes the skin to turn yellow, which usually disappears within a week.
- **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Therapy as with chemical burns.



 Revision date:
 01.01.2021

 Date of entry into force:
 01.01.2021

Version: 9.1 Replaces version: 9

# Lysoformin 3000

# Section 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

CO<sub>2</sub>, powder or water spray, foam

**5.2** Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture During heating or in case of fire poisonous gas may develop: For example: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear fully protective suit. Cool endangered containers with water spray.

# Section 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and respiratory protection. Ensure adequate ventilation.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to reach sewage system / surface or ground water.
- **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up** Wipe up with absorbent material (cloth, fleece, sand, universal binders). Larger quantities: Apply suction cleaning.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections Safe handling (section 7), personal protective equipment (section 8) and disposal considerations (section 13)

# Section 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation at the workplace. When disinfecting surfaces, no puddles must remain. Close the container tightly after use. To make a dilution always add water first, then add the product.

# Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace:

Wash hands before break and after work. Keep away from food. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Avoid contact with eyes.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store cool but frost-free, well ventilated, dry and out of reach of children.
Store in the original container.
Further information about storage conditions
Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.
Keep separate from food.
Storage class: 3 (TRGS 510)

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No specific end use known.



Revision date:01.01.2021Date of entry into force:01.01.2021

Version: 9.1 Replaces version: 9

# Lysoformin 3000

# Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1 Control parameters

Substance	CAS-No	Value	Basis
Glutaral	111-30-8	AGW: 0,2 mg/m³, 0,05 ml/m³	TRGS 900
		2(I); Sonstige Angaben: AGS, Sah, Y	

# 8.2 Exposure controls

#### General health and safety measures

Keep away from foodstuff, beverages and feed. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### **Respiratory protection**

In well ventilated areas the short-term handling of the concentrate (preparation of a dilution) can be done without respiratory protection. Use dilutions only in well-ventilated areas. If there is insufficient ventilation, use a respirator with a multi-range filter ABEK.

#### Hand protection

#### Impermeable gloves

Wearing liquid-tight gloves (without changing them) for four hours a day is stressful and should not be a constant measure.

#### Penetration time of glove material

The resistance of gloves is dependent on many features (material, layer thickness, manufacturer, temperature, stress and duration of contact) and not predictable in advance. Each user has to test the resistance of the gloves for his personal use. Penetration times according to EN 374 are specified by manufacturers and provide guidance for the comparison of gloves. **Material recommendations** 

Nitrile rubber Butyl rubber

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# Skin protection

# Protective suit

In order to prevent skin irritations in the professional field, the following is - regardless of the actual contact with disinfectants - recommended:

- Fast skin penetrating care cream in between if needed.
- A greasy cream after washing at the end of work or before work breaks.

#### Eye / face protection

When handling the product (e.g. decanting) use tight-closing eye protection.

# **Section 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
<ul> <li>Physical state:</li> </ul>	Liquid		
- Colour:	Blue		
Odour:	Characteristic		
Odor threshold:	Not determined		
pH (50 g/l H₂O) at 20 ℃:	ca. 7		
Melting point:	Not determined		
Initial boiling point / boiling range:Not determined			
Flash point:	> 53 ℃ (DIN 51755)		



 Revision date:
 01.01.2021

 Date of entry into force:
 01.01.2021

Version: 9.1 Replaces version: 9

# Lysoformin 3000

Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability:	The product is not self-igniting.
Explosion limits in air:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density, relative (air = 1)	: Not determined
Density at 20 °C:	ca. 1,05 g/cm³
Solubility in water:	Any
Partition coefficient	
n-octanol / water:	For a mixture not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not applicable, no known decomposition
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	The product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties:	Not determined
51 1	

# 9.2 Other information

Further physical and chemical data have not been determined.

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1 Reactivity

No hazardous reactions when stored and handled as described.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and used as described.

- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No hazardous reactions if used as described.
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** See section 7
- **10.5 Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents
- **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition if used as described.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The active compounds have been extensively studied with regard to the toxic profile. The exposure is safe if handled as prescribed. In consideration of the mixture no deviant results are expected. The mixture was therefore not examined in all categories. For toxicological effects use the information on relevant hazardous substances.

# **11.1.1 For the mixture:**

# Acute toxicity

Oral with SPF-Wistar rats LD50 (24h) = 1.69 ml / kg body weight; LD50 (14d) = 1.16 ml / kg body weight Dermal in rats LD50 (24h) = > 8.0 ml / kg BW; LD50 (14d) = > 8.0 ml / kg BW non-toxic Inhalation based on OECD 403: Nebulization rats; 4h exposure: LC50 (14d) 6.0  $\mu$ l / l - practically non-toxic



01.01.2021 Date of entry into force: 01.01.2021 Version: 9.1 **Replaces version:** 9

# Lysoformin 3000

Skin corrosion/irritation OECD 405 on rabbits: dilution 1%: not irritant (non irritant) Serious eye damage/irritation No data available Respiratory or skin sensitisation sensitizina Other categories: No data available

# 11.1.2 For the relevant substances:

**Revision date:** 

# Glutaral

Acute toxicity: LD<sub>50</sub> rat (oral): ca. 77 mg/kg (OECD-guideline 401) LC<sub>50</sub> rat (inhalativ): 0.28 - 0.39 mg/l 4 h (OECD-guideline 403) An aerosol was tested. Primary irritant effect: Skin rabbit: corrosive. (OECD-guideline 404) Eyes rabbit: irreversible effects (Draize-test) Sensitization: Open epicutaneous test (OET) guinea pig: skin sensitizing Other relevant toxicity Toxicological data refer to the anhydrous substance.

Glyoxal (40% solution in water) Acute toxicity: LD<sub>50</sub> rat (oral): ca. 3300 mg/kg (OECD-guideline 401) LC<sub>50</sub> rat (inhalativ): 2.44 mg/l 4 h (OECD-guideline 403) An aerosol was tested. Mutagenicity: Although the substance showed a different test systems in microorganisms and cell cultures Mutagenic effect, but this could not be confirmed in tests on mammals. Mutagenic effects can not be ruled out on the basis of experimental data.

# Didecyldimethylammonium chloride

Acute toxicity: LD<sub>50</sub> oral: 238 mg/kg (rat) method: OECD 401 LD<sub>50</sub> dermal 3342 mg/kg rabbit

Isotridecanol, ethoxylated Eye damage: Rabbit: May cause irreversible eye damage.

# Section 12: Ecological information

The mixture was not tested for certain effects. For information use the information on the relevant hazardous substances.

# 12.1 Toxicity

# Glutaral

Acute very toxic to aquatic organisms. In biological treatment plants interferences of degradation activity of activated sludge are possible depending on local conditions and existing concentrations.

The raw material has not been tested. The data were derived from data for a preparation or mixture with a lower substance concentration.



Revision date:01.01.2021Date of entry into force:01.01.2021

Version: 9.1 Replaces version: 9

# Lysoformin 3000

Fish toxicity:

LC<sub>50</sub> (96 h) 6,2 mg/l, Cyprinodon variegatus (Fishtest acute, static) LC<sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0,8 mg/l, Salmo gairdneri, syn. O. mykiss The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. Aquatic invertebrates: EC<sub>50</sub> (48 h) 2,1 mg/l, Daphnia magna (test acute, static) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. EC<sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0,78 mg/l, Crassotrea virginica (OPP 72-3 (EPA-guideline), flow) The details of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. Aquatic plants: EC<sub>50</sub> (72 h) 0,6 mg/l (growth rate), desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD 201, static) NOEC (72 h) 0,025mg/l, desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD 201, static) The details of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. **Glyoxal** (40% solution in water) Fish toxicity: LC<sub>50</sub> (96 h): 460 - 680 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (DIN 38412 part 15, static)

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates: NOEC (21 d): 3,19 mg/l, daphnia magna (OECD-guideline 211, semistatic)

# Didecyldimethylammonium chloride

Fish toxicity: LC<sub>50</sub>: 0.19 mg/l pimephales promelas, 96 h, method: US-EPA NOEC: 0.032 mg/l danio rerio, chronic toxicity / 34 d / OECD 210 Daphnia toxicity: EC<sub>50</sub>: 0.062 mg/l, daphnia magna, immobilization, 48 h, method: EPA-FIFRA NOEC: 0.016 mg/l, daphnia magna, reproduction test, 21 d, method: OECD 211

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### Mixture:

DIN 38412 part 25: 90% in 17 days; corresponds to easily degradable

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

# Mixture:

An accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Glutaral

From the water surface, the substance does not evaporate into the atmosphere. Binding to the solid soil phase is possible.

Glyoxal

From the water surface, the substance does not evaporate into the atmosphere. A binding to the solid soil phase is not expected.

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed as PBT or vPvB.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

The mixture is classified as water hazard class 3 (by German AwSV).



01.01.2021

Version: 9.1 Replaces version: 9

# Lysoformin 3000

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

**Revision date:** 

Date of entry into force:

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Treatment of the mixture

Disposal in compliance with local regulations. Waste should not be disposed of via wastewater.

#### Treatment of contaminated packaging

Completely emptied containers can be recycled.

#### Waste code according to AVV

07 06 04 for the product 15 01 02 for the primary packaging

#### **Relevant EU or other regulations**

German law: KrW-/AbfG (Kreislaufwirtschafts- und Abfallgesetz)

# Section 14: Transport information

- 14.1 UN-number
  - 2924

#### 14.2 Proper shipping name

All modes of transport: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Glutaral, Didecyldimethylammoniumchloride)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

- Land: ADR/RID and GGVS/GGVE class: 3 Tunnel restriction code: D / E
- Sea: IMDG/GGV Sea-class: 3 EMS-number: F-E, S-C
- Air: ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR-class: 3

# 14.4 Packing group

- 14.5 Environmental hazards Labelling environmentally hazardous substances ADR/RID / IMDG-Code / ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR: yes IMDG-Code: Marine Pollutant: no
- 14.6 Special precautions for user (transport company) No
- **14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** No transport in bulk



**Replaces version:** 9

9.1

Lysoformin 3000

# Section 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU-regulations:**

1907/2006 REACh / 1272/2008 CLP GHS / 98/24/EG Risks related to chemical substances / 648/2004 Detergents / (EU) 649/2012

#### German regulations:

Chemikaliengesetz ChemG / Gefahrstoffverordnung GefStoffV / TRGS und Bekanntmachungen / Betriebssicherheitsverordnung BetrSichV / Jugendarbeitsschutzgesetz / Mutterschutzgesetz / Vorgaben Berufsgenossenschaften

#### Other information:

Medical device class IIa CE 0482 according to the German Medical Devices Act Biocide: BAuA reg.-no. N-12657, N-12658, N-12659

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this mixture no chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

# Section 16: Other information

#### Changes since the last version

Version 9.1: completely revised

#### Literature and data sources

TRGS / Gestis / professional associations / MSDS of ingredients

#### Methods in accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 used to evaluate the information for the purpose of classification.

Classification was based on the components and test results.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product with regard to the safety requirements. The information should not be regarded in any way as a description of the nature of the goods (product specification). Any agreed property or the suitability of the product for a specific purpose can not be derived from our information in the Safety Data Sheet. We will advise you whether and under what circumstances, the preparation is suitable for a defined purpose. Any proprietary rights and existing laws and regulations must be observed by the recipient of our product (responsibility of the recipient).